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SWADLINCOTE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORTS

of the

Medical Officer of Health

MALCOLM ALLAN M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

and of the

Chief Sanitary Inspector

GILBERT AINSWORTH M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

FOR THE YEAR

I 9 5 3



PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health:

(Also Medical Officer of Health to Repton Rural District Council, Assistant School and Assistant Maternity and Child Welfare Medical Officer, Derbyshire County Council).

MALCOLM ALLAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Housing Manager:
(Also Inspector under the Shops Acts)

GILBERT AINSWORTH, M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

Certificate of Royal San. Inst., and Sanitary Inspectors Examination Joint Board. Royal Sanitary Institute Meat and Food Inspectors Certificate.

STAFF:

Additional Sanitary

Inspector ... W. G. Smith, A.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

Senior Clerk Miss M. E. Crick.

Junior Clerk Miss M. Fletcher

(to 24th July, 1953).

Miss V. M. Tilley (from 17th August, 1953).

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL: (Up to April, 1954)

Chairman: Councillor W. H. WHITEHEAD

Vice-Chairman: Councillor R. PERCIVAL (Junr.)

Councillors: Mrs. M. E. Hardy, J. Lawley, L. J. Osborne, G. C. Simkin, R. A. C. Thompson, W. H. Whitehead, Mrs. F. A. Brightman, J.P., T. H. Edwards, W. Heape, C. Shipton, J. Stretton, W. Tilley, J. W. Allitt, W. Brealey, J.P., Mrs. T. Illsley, R. Percival (Junr.), F. A. Travis and A. Whittaker.

DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL WELFARE CLINIC

ALEXANDRA ROAD, SWADLINCOTE

Ante-Natal Clinics

2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Doctor attends each session.

Child Guidance

By appointment.

Dental Treatment

Temporarily unstaffed.

Eye Clinics

By appointment. (2nd and 4th Thursdays in each month, commencing at 2.30 p.m.).

Infant Welfare Centre

Every Monday, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 1.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Minor Ailment Clinics

Monday a.m. and 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 9 a.m. to 10 a.m., Doctor present.

Orthopaedic Clinics

By appointment (1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 1.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.).

Immunisation Against Diphtheria

Facilities for immunisation are available, on request, when the Doctor is in attendance at Infant Welfare Centres and Minor Ailment Clinics.

Repairs or Replacement of Glasses for School Children

The necessary form may be obtained on request from the Principal School Medical Officer, County Offices, St. Mary's Gate, Derby, or from the School Medical Officers.

To the Chairman and Members of the Swadlincote Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year 1953.

From a study of the vital statistics and from my own observations, and that of the many health workers in the district, there is no doubt but that the general health of the people is good. This is particularly true of the young people and such a result is a great encouragement to all those who seek to promote good health throughout the Urban District.

During the year there was very little infectious disease except measles which was of a mild character. So far as poliomyelitis was concerned the District only had one case but unfortunately that one was serious and left the child paralysed in both legs. But this is not the end of the story which is known since this preface is printed in mid-1954. It was sad at the beginning to see the child pulling and pushing himself along the floor with his arms and dragging his useless legs behind him, just a dead weight. Now, with the help of a leather jacket, leg irons and two sticks he can walk upright by himself. What a triumph this is for the joint efforts of hospital, parents and child!

The table recorded under Diphtheria Immunisation in the report giving the deaths and cases over the past ten years shows dramatic and arresting figures. If the reader uses a little imagination the economic point of view fades away and the saving of human life and the saving in human suffering fills the whole picture and who would dare put a monetary value on that aspect. Even yet, however, the number of babies under a year receiving diphtheria immunisation is disturbingly low and every effort must be made to persuade parents to accept diphtheria immunisation. The apathy of parents can be appalling. I recollect a mother who firmly refused to have her child immunised yet the mother had lost a sister from diphtheria and several of the family had had severe illnesses from the same disease.

Deaths from Tuberculosis have declined because of recent advances in treatment but the notifications have increased chiefly due to the seeking out of cases by the Mass Radiography Units and various other means. Case finding is essential for each fresh case can, by careful management, he prevented from passing on further infection. I would like to see the Mass Radiography Unit in the

Urban District each year. If every means in our power is used against this disease, including rehousing which is so well done by this Council, then I think the words of Professor C. Fraser Brockington will come true: "Tuberculosis which has too long trespassed upon our health and happiness, can be banished from our shores."

Now that a Civic Centre is under consideration, a place in the planning might be found for a Health Centre. Such a centre would provide doctors with premises, equipment and assistance. Moreover, not only would the medical practitioners have a building planned and equipped for their work, but they would meet their colleagues, the specialists, and also nursing and social workers engaged in the health services provided by the local health authority and so the Centre would help to unify the medical and social services.

Within the report there is a list of the County Council Clinics and a record of the diphtheria immunisations both of which have been kindly supplied by Dr. Morgan, County Medical Officer of Health.

Once again it is a great pleasure to acknowledge my indebtedness to the Chairman and Members of the Council, Medical Practitioners, Health Visitors, Heads of Departments and Staff and above all to the Staff of the Health Department, especially the Chief Sanitary Inspector and Housing Manager.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

MALCOLM ALLAN,
Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Department, Council Offices, SWADLINCOTE.

STATISTICAL SUMMAR	RY		
Area of District in Acres (inclusive of water)	• •		3,754
Number of inhabited houses (March, 1954)	• •	• •	6,112
Rateable Value	• •	• •	£96,613
Sum represented by a penny rate	• •		£376
/	• •		20,604
Population (Estimated to middle of 1939)	• •		20,550
	• •		,
Population (Registrar General's Estimate 1953)	• •	• •	20,650
EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STA	TIST	ICS	
Live Births			
773 4 3 F 973			

	Total	M.	F.	
Legitimate	304	166	138	(Live Birth Rate per 1,000 of
Illegitimate	12	6	6	the estimated resident popul-
				ation—
				crude 15.25
				corrected 15.10)

Still Births

	Lotal	M.	F.	
Legitimate	11	7	4	(Rate per 1,000 total live and
Illegitimate		_	-	still births—33.64).

Deaths (All Ages)

M.	F.	
120	92	(Death rate per 1,000 of the
		estimated resident population
		—crude 10.26
		corrected 11.18).
		(In ascertaining the corrected
		rates the following compara-
		bility factors were used—
		Births .99
		Deaths 1.09)

Deaths of Infants under One Year of Age

	Total	Μ.	F.
Legitimate	9	6	3
Illegitimate	_		-

Death Rate of Infants under One Year of Age

All infants per 1,000 live births	• •	28.16
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	• •	29.40
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	• •	
Deaths from Measles (All Ages)	• •	
", ", Whooping Cough (All Ages)		
Diarrhaga (Under 2 years)		
5, 5, Diarrioca (Officer 2 years)	• •	

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING YEAR 1953

Disease	Total Cases Notified	Cases Admitted to Hospital
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Measles Meningococcal Infection Puerperal Pyrexia Pneumonia Acute Poliomyelitis (Paralytic) Ophthalmia Neonatorum	5 8 138 1 1 5 1	1 - 1 1 1 - 1 -

CASES OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES AT VARYING AGES

		Age Group						al					
Disease	0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15–	30-	35-	45-	60-	Total
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Measles Meningococcal Infection Pneumonia Acute Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)	3 1 -		- 15 - -	1 1 21 - -	1 4 28 - -	2 3 58 - -	1 2 - 1	- 2 - -	- 1 - -	-	- - - 1	3	5 8 138 1 5
Ophthalmia Neonatorum Puerperal Pyrexia	-	Ξ	_	_	=	_	-	_	1	_	Ξ	-	1

TUBERCULOSIS

	Pulm	onary .	Non-Pu	T		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	
Number of Cases notified during 1953 Number of Cases on Register	13	4	-	1	18	
31st December, 1953	69	42	22	22	155	

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

The following table for England and Wales shows the remarkable decline in Diphtheria since the national immunisation campaign was launched in 1940:—

Year	Deaths	Notifications
1944	934	23,199
1945	722	18,596
1946	472	11,986
1947	244	5,609
1948	156	3,575
1949	84	1,890
1950	49	962
1951	33	664
1952	32	376
1953	24*	240*

^{*} Provisional Figures

The County Medical Officer has kindly informed me that record cards in connection with Primary Diphtheria Immunisations received during the period 1st January, 1953, to 31st March, 1954, in respect of children immunised during the year 1953, were:—

Age	4				
Under one	year	• •			
One	• •	• •	• •		39
Two	• •	• •		e 9	8
Three			• •		3
Four	s •		• •		2
Five to Ni	ne (inc	clusive)	* *	76
Ten to Fo	urteen	(inclu	isive)		5
					133
					STATE OF THE PARTY.

SCABIES TREATMENT

Whilst the facilities for treatment of cases of Scabies were maintained in readiness for any emergency, fortunately it was unnecessary to use the same due to the complete absence of cases during the year.

CLASSIFICATION OF DEATHS

		Ages		Mortality
Cause of Death			Total	Rate per
	<i>M</i> .	F.		1,000 Pop.
Tuberculosis of the Respiratory System	3	2	5	0.24
Other forms of Tuberculosis	-	_	_	_
Syphilitic Disease	_	_	_	_
Diphtheria		_	_	_
Whooping Cough		_	-	_
Meningoccocal Infections	}	_	_	_
Acute Poliomyelitis			_	_
Measles				
Malignant neoplasm, stomach		1	5	0.24
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus		2	7	0.34
Malignant neoplasm, breast		1		0.05
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	}	î	1	0.05
Other Malignant and Lymphatic neoplasms	9	7	16	0.77
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	_	1	1	0.05
Diabetes		1	1	0.05
Vascular lesions of nervous system	. 10	16	26	1.26
Coronary Disease, angina	. 11	6	17	0.82
Hypertension with heart disease	. 3	3	6	0.29
Other heart diseases	. 24	23	47	2.27
Other circulatory disease	1	7	12	0.58
Influenza		_	1	0.05
Pneumonia		7	13	0.63
Bronchitis	1	3	13	0.63
Other disease of Respiratory system .	. 4	1	5	0.24
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	. -	1	1	0.05
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	4	-	5	0.04
Nephritis and nephrosis		1	_	0.24
Hyperplasia of prostate		-	1	0.05
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		1	3	0.14
Congenital malformations Other defined and ill-defined diseases .	1 4	2	17	0.14
T. F A T. T 1		1	1	0.05
All other agaidents	2	2	4	0.03
Suicide	2	1 3 1 2 1	3	0.19
Homicide and operations of war		_	_	-
	120	92	212	

BIRTH RATES, DEATH RATES, ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY, MATERNAL MORTALITY AND CASE RATE FOR CERTAIN INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN THE YEAR 1953.

(Provisional Figures based on Quarterly Returns)

			160 County Boroughs and Great	160 Smaller Towns (Residen	t I ondon
	Swadlin- cote	England and	Towns (including	Population 25,000-50,000	Admini- strative
	U.D.C.	Wales	London)	at 1951 Census)	
		Rate p	er 1,000 Ho	ome Population	
Births	15 10	155	17.0	15.77	177 5
Live Births Still Births	15.10	15.5 0.35 22.4(<i>a</i>)	17.0 0.43 22.8(<i>a</i>)	15.7 0.34 21.4(a)	17.5 0.38 21.0(<i>a</i>)
Deaths					
All Causes	11.18	11.4	12.2	11.3	12.5
Typhoid and Paratyphoid		0.00	0.00		-
Whooping Cough	• •	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00
Diphtheria Tuberculosis	0.24	0.00 0.20	0.00 0.24	0.00 0.19	0.24
Influenza	0.24	0.20	0.15	0.17	0.24
Smallpox		0.00	0.00	0.00	_
Acute poliomyelitis (includi	ing				
polio-encephalitis)	–	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Pneumonia	0.63	0.55	0.59	0.52	0.64
Notifications (corrected)					
Typhoid Fever		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Paratyphoid Fever		0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Meningococcal Infection	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03
Scarlet Fever	0.24	1.39	1.50	1.44 3.38	1.02 3.30
Whooping Cough Diphtheria	0.39	3.58 0.01	3.72 0.01	0.01	0.00
Erysipelas		0.14	0.14	0.13	0.12
Smallpox		0.00	0.00	0.00	_
Measles	6.68	12.36	11.27	12.32	8.09
Pneumonia	0.24	0.84	0.92	0.76	0.73
Acute Poliomyelitis (includ	ıng				
polio-encephalitis)— Paralytic	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.07
Non-Paralytic		0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03
Food Poisoning		0.24	0.25	0.24	0.38
Puerperal Pyrexia	0.05	18.23(a)	24.33 (<i>a</i>)	12.46(a)	28.61(a)
		Rat	es per 1,000	Live Births	
Deaths					
All causes under 1 year of age Enteritis and diarrhoea und		26.8(b)	30.8	24.3	24.8
2 years of age		1.1	1.3	0.9	1.1
/ \ D. 1 000 Trans	/T ! 1	Ca:11\ D:1	60		

⁽a) Per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births.

⁽b) Per 1,000 related live births.

Maternal Mortality in England and Wales

Intermediate List No. and Cause	Swa No.				gland and W	ales Rates
	of			_		
		Datas ban	per		Data bas	per
	Deaths				Rates per	
					1,000 Total	
					(Live and	
11150 : CD 1111		Still) Births	15-44		Still) Births	15-44
A115 Sepsis of Pregnancy, child-						
birth and the puerperium		_	-	68	0.10	_
(Abortion with toxaemia		-	-	7	0.01	1
A116 Other toxaemias of pregnancy	•					
and the puerperium	-	_	-	166	0.24	_
A117 Haemorrhage of pregnancy						
and childbirth		-	walling .	90	0.13	-
A118 Abortion without mention of					0.20	
•	-	_	_	30	0.04	3
Al 19 Abortion with sepsis				39	0.04	1
				39	0.00	4
A120 Other complications of preg-						
nancy, childbirth and the						
puerperium	-	-	-	125	0.18	_

WATER SUPPLY

The Swadlincote and Ashby Joint Water Board are responsible for the supply of water to the whole of the Urban Area. Swadlincote and Church Gresley Wards are at present receiving a supply from their waterworks at Milton, the water being derived from the Bunter Sandstone measures to the south of Milton Village.

The Newhall Ward receive their water from an auxiliary supply from the Chilcot Waterworks of the South Staffordshire Waterworks

Company.

Despite the continued increased use of water in the Urban Area, it has been possible to discontinue imposing restrictions on the supplies.

Mining subsidence continues to create tremendous difficulties in the distribution of the water. During 1953, it was necessary to carry out repairs to fifty-three Broken Water Mains, ninety-five Drawn Joints to Mains and ninety-four Broken Services to premises.

The Joint Committee are taking steps to permanently increase the supply by obtaining a supply from the Derwent Valley Water Board; work on this project was well advanced by the end of 1953. I understand that a limited quantity was in fact being distributed

during the year.

The sampling of the water as distributed from the Milton Water Works, is undertaken at fortnightly intervals; samples are also submitted for analysis at fairly frequent intervals. The Health Department also obtain samples at regular intervals, at least once per month whenever possible from various points in the Urban Area, to check against the results obtained from each supply at the point of distribution.

A summary of the results of samples of water will be found on page 25 of the Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.

To the Chairman and Members of the Swadlincote Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure to submit my seventh Annual Report covering the environmental health work of my Department during the year 1953. A report on the duties of Housing Management has been omitted from this Report.

The condition of many of the dwellings in the Urban Area continues to present a serious and ever-increasing problem. The condition of many of the houses being further deteriorated by damage from mining operations; damage to houses, in many instances, renders living conditions intolerable. In an effort to ease the burden of these families, steps should be taken to provide a reserve of emergency houses to enable families to have a reasonable shelter and some degree of comfort whilst their own houses are repaired.

The wider problem of the general condition of dwellings in the Urban Area I feel depends largely upon two factors:

- (i) The number of dwellings that can be made available from the Council's general housing programme for the rehousing of occupants of scheduled dwellings. The types of dwellings made available will also be a vital factor, i.e., many of the occupants of low rented worn-out dwellings will require a certain type of house, whilst only a percentage of the occupants will desire new modern dwellings;
- (ii) The extent to which the Council will be prepared to embark upon improvement schemes to save and lengthen the life of sub-standard houses.

A more modern type of housing problem is gradually gaining ground in our midst. I refer to the increased use of temporary dwellings as permanent residences; the position, I feel, requires very careful attention.

The Rodent Service carried out much valuable work in the destruction of pests, the effective control throughout the Urban Area was rendered more difficult by the continued presence of certain well-known danger spots.

Food hygiene has continued to receive attention during the year; the proposed food legislation will, it is anticipated, introduce various standards. It is to be hoped that the vexed question of smoking during the handling of food will also be dealt with in these standards.

Reference, I feel, must be made to the passing of a year without a biological test failure of milk.

During the year under review, further changes in the personnel of the Department occurred, such changes do render efficient administration of the Department most difficult.

I desire to record my sincere thanks for the cordial support I have received from the Chairman and Members of the Health and Housing Committee during the year and for the willing co-operation of the Medical Officer of Health and fellow Officers and Members of the Staff; in addition I desire to record my appreciation of the loyal support I have received from the Additional Sanitary Inspector.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

GILBERT AINSWORTH,
Chief Sanitary Inspector and Housing Manager.

HOUSING STATISTICS

Nur		following figures are included in the prescribed manner. of new houses erected during the year:—	•
	(i)	By the Local Authority	*84
	(ii)	By other Local Authorities	Nil
	(iii)	By other bodies or persons	15
	` ′	*(including 71 erected outside the Urban District Boundar	ry).
1.	. ^	pection of dwelling houses during the year:—	
	i.	(a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under the Public Health or Housing Acts)	040
			804
	ii.	(a) Number of dwelling houses (included under subhead (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regul-	
		ations, 1925 and 1932	Nil
	•••		Nil
	iii.	Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	3
	iv.	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	381
2.		nedy of defects during the year without service of mal Notices:—	
		Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	489
3.	Act	tion under Statutory Powers during the year:—	
	(A)	Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:—	
		i. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices served requiring repairs	Nil
		ii. Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice:—	
		(a) By owners	Nil
		(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	Nil

(B) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—	
i. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	13
ii. Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice:—	
(a) By owners	17
(b) By Local Authorities in default of owners	Nil
(C) Proceedings under Section 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:—	
i. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	3
ii. Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	2
iii. Number of houses demolished in anticipation of formal procedure under the Housing Act, 1936	Nil
(D) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:—	
i. Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
ii. Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been	
rendered fit	Nil
iii. Number of houses closed in anticipation of formal procedure under the Housing Acts	Nil

In addition to the two dwellings demolished in compliance with Orders during 1953, the following premises were also vacated, etc., for various reasons:—

				Families	rehoused	l by:— Own
			Persons involved	Council	Owner	accom- modation
Unconfirmed Clearance	Area					
	• •	1	4	1		2-42-
Sub-standard dwellings—						
Vacated	• •	1		B-49-		1
Unoccupied						_
Unconfirmed Clearance	Area					
(dwellings converted	for					
other purposes)				-	_	_
Unconfirmed Clearance	Area					
(dwellings unoccupied	i)	2	10	1	-	1
Individual Unfit-Vacated		2	7	2	_	
Individual Unfit—Demolis	shed	1	3	-	-	-
Demolished only		1	-	-	-	-
	sne a	1	<i>3</i>	_	-	-

SUMMARY OF SCHEDULED DWELLINGS LIST

31st December, 1953

Occupant Selected Applicant Occupant Form not returned (April review, 1953) Occupant Form returned stating No. (April Review) Occupant Requisitioned Houses Occupant with authorised lodger Occupant with unauthorised lodger Lodger authorised Lodger (New) since April, 1953 Occupants rehoused Occupants house relet Unauthorised since April, 1953 Occupant's house now vacant Occupant left (house later unauthorised relet) Authorised Lodgers (left on own accord) Unauthorised Lodger Left		On 26 1 42 1 3 1 4 1 1 3 3 - 91	Off 1 1 3 1 — 11 —
List at 31st December, 1953			
Rehoused Off List	• •	00	5 6
Requisitioned Schedule Houses Additions Transfers from other sections		82 3 4 2	
Total		91	

SANITARY CONDITIONS OF DWELLINGS

I have on a number of occasions drawn attention to the need for provision of separate sanitary amenities for the occupants of many dwellings in the Urban Area. The impression I have gained from the discussions with a number of property owners on the question of abolishing or conversion of the present arrangements, is that the owners generally would be prepared to consider carrying out works of improvement to their dwellings providing financial assistance would be forthcoming under the provisions of the 1949 Act.

The following up-to-date table is included to indicate one or two types of improvement works requiring attention at dwellings in the Urban Area. The table could very early be extended to include details of the lack of essential sanitary amenities to many other dwellings.

ESTIMATED SUMMARY OF SANITARY CONDITIONS OF DWELLINGS IN URBAN AREA

Water Comply	Swad- lincote	Church Gresley	Newhall	Total
Water Supply	1.4	22	10	C E
Dwellings with joint stand pipe	14	33	18	65
No water in house yet sink fixed	4	_	6	10
Separate stand pipe	3	5	2	10
Water in separate wash house	10	36	5	51
Water in joint wash house	9	125	32	168
Separate water from non-piped supply	_	_	1	1
Separate wash house, no water inside	7	7	4	18
Separate wash house, water inside				
dwelling	4	_	-	4
Joint wash house, no water inside	8	15	15	38
Joint wash house, water inside dwelling	3	16	7	26
Water supply in water closet	_	_	2	2
Sanitary Accommodation				
Joint water closet	12	67	17	96
· · ·	12	01	3	3
Joint non-water closet		_		_
Privy		_	14	14
Pail Closets	16	6	3	25

COMPLAINTS

The total number of complaints received during the year has again increased—1,337 as against 1,025 received during 1952.

During recent years the number of complaints made to the Office has steadily increased—during the year 1946 only 385 complaints being received.

I feel there may be a number of reasons for this increase.

- (a) A greater degree of dilapidation to dwellings.
- (b) The occupants have gradually become tired of living under difficult conditions, or
- (c) The occupants have realised by contact with their neighbours that all possible steps will be taken by your Officers to assist these people in pressing for an alleviation of their difficulties.

I feel it is again necessary to comment on one or two types of complaints:—

		1953	1952	1951
Choked and defective drains	 	146	109	54
Houses damaged	 	64	27	

It will be appreciated, I am sure, from the above figures that the serious problem of damage to dwellings by mining operations continues to affect the Urban Area. Whilst I would emphasise that the effect of the operations of this major industry are not peculiar to this district. I would, however, stress that they do create many difficulties, the full effects of which I regret to state may not be felt for many years to come.

The following table tabulates the nature of the complaints received during 1953:—

Complaints		Complaints	Complaints Inspected and Forwarded to other	Tota l
		Inspected	Depts.	
General Housing Defects		68	10	78
Chimney Stack—overhauled		8	1	9
House roof Repaired		19	3	22
Eaves Gutters repaired		12	_	12
Dampness		22	1	23
Ceiling Plaster		19	5	24
Wall Plaster		19	5	24
Floors, repaired wood		12	6	18
Stairs repaired		1		1
Window frames repaired		15	_	15
Sash Cords repaired		1	1	2
Doors repaired		10	2	12
Cooking range repaired		13	5	18
Fire-place repaired		9	_	9
Wash copper repaired		14	2	16
Sink and wash hand basins—repl		5	1	6
Water Supply—				
Additional		5	_	5
Burst Supply Pipes		14	5	19
Water in Cellars		4	1	5
Soft water cisterns		6	2	8
Dirty conditions	• •	10	_	10
Food Store		1	-	1
Water Closets—				
Compartment repaired		20	-	20
Water Supply	• •	18	-	18
Pedestal	• •	23	-	23
Seat	• •	16	- 1	16 21
Cistern	• •	20 13	1	13
Joints Defective Additional closet provided	-	16	_	16
Dirty closets	• •	11		11

Drainage—			
New lengths provided	4	_	4
Obstructions removed	110	20	130
Drains repaired	8	_	8
Ventilation shafts and soil pipes defective	4	-	4
Privies, Pails and Cesspools	3	1	4
Inadequate Sanitary Accommodation	2	-	2
Outbuildings, provide or repair	3	-	3
Boundary walls, provide or renew	2	-	2
Yard paving, repair or provide	4	1	5
Mining subsidence	59	5	64
Dustbins, provided	168	7	175
Refuse, accumulation removed	8	_	8
Animals, improper keeping—			
Horses	1	-	1
Dogs and cats, etc	4	-	4
Poultry	4	_	4
Pigs	4	-	4
Infestations—			
Rats	146	-	1 4 6
Mice	58	-	58
Beetles	41	-	41
Ants	43	-	43
Woodworm	9	_	9
Rabbits	1	-	1
Bed-bugs	2	-	2
Fleas	4	-	4
Snails, earwigs, etc	6	-	6
Silver fish	1	_	1
Disinfections requested	24	-	24
Industrial Smoke Nuisances	10	-	10
Domestic Smoke Nuisances	7	-	7
Unsound Food	13	-	13
Condition of Food Premises	12	_	12
Offensive Smells	9	_	9
Suspected Coal Gas Leaks	3	_	3
Noise Complaints	1	_	1
Temporary Dwellings	4	_	4
Miscellaneous	24	7	31
Standing Water	5	2	7
Alternative Accommodation	7	-	7
	1,242	94	1,336

SANITARY REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE

During the past few years I have made repeated reference to the condition of many of the dwellings in the area; quite apart from the effects of mining operations, the condition of these ageing dwellings has continued to deteriorate steadily.

The maintenance of this type of dwelling creates great difficulties, due to the fabric being worn out normal repairs are quite ineffective to, say, prevent the penetration of dampness, whilst many of the present-day essential amenities just do not exist.

However, despite numerous difficulties, your Officers have continued to press owners to carry out essential and urgent repairs. The following table supplies details of repairs completed during 1953, as a direct result of action by this Department.

REPAIRS COMPLETED

REPAII	KS	COMPLETED	
Chimney Stack		Brought forward	535
Overhauled	19	Water Supply	
New Pots Provided	6	Additional	7
Flues overhauled or cleansed	9	Burst Supply Pipes	11
House Roof		Defective Fittings	4
Danainad	30	Water Closets	
	3		10
Eaves Gutters	J	1777 . O *	16
Repaired, renewed or cleansed	34	Water Supply	15
Poinwater Folloines	24	Pedestal	
Rainwater Fallpipes	22	Seat	8
Repaired, renewed or cleansed	23	Cistern	10
Disconnected from drains	1	Joints defective	6
Dampness	٠, -	Additional Closet provided	8
Rising dampness	15	Dirty Closets	6
Perished brickwork	31	Drainage	
Perished brick pointing Ceiling Plaster	29	Additional Lengths provided	
	75		118
	100	Drains repaired	26
Floors		Yard Paving	
Repaired (wood)	11	Repair or Provide	12
Repaired (Solid)	8	Boundary Walls	
Windows		Repair or Renew	2
Frames repaired	28	Dirty Conditions	3
Frames renewed	4	Dustbins	168
Sash cords repaired	30	Refuse—accumulations removed	4
Doors		Animals, improper keeping	
Repaired	5	Dogs, cats, etc	1
Cooking Range		Poultry	2
Repaired	23	Miscellaneous	1
New range provided	5	Smoke Nuisances	
Fire-place—Repair	13	Domestic	6
Foodstore—Repair or Provide	2	Industrial	
Wash Copper		Standing Water—watercourses	1
Domain	14	Mining Subsidence Repairs	54
Furnace Pan	5	Miscellaneous	_
T	4		5
Repair to fire-box Sinks and Wash Hand Basins	7.	Cofe makes sinks and	8 5 8
	6	Coal Gas Leaks	1
Replaced	6 2		7
Additional Provided	4	Water in Cellars	-
C1 f1	52F	1	000
Carried forward	つづつ	1	,088

SUMMARY OF VISITS AND INSPECTIONS

The following information supplied in tabular form gives details of visits and inspections made during 1953, followed by details of interviews in the Office, and on the adjoining page details of notices served upon various responsible persons requesting remedial action.

More specific details of the work involved will be found by referring to the subject matter under its respective heading on the ensuing pages of this Report.

Housing			
Housing Act, 1936, Section 9			
No. of inspections	• •	83	
No. of re-inspections		264	
Overcrowding—No. of inspections	• •	151	
Applications for Council Houses		920	
Council Houses		1,499	
Public Health Act, 1936—Inspections	• •	304	
Re-inspections	• •	1,153	
•		-	4,374
General			
Atmospheric Test		17	
Smoke Abatement		68	
Factories		378	
Verminous Premises	• •	176	
Schools		28	
Shops	• •	787	
Animals, keeping of	• •	39	
Water Supplies	• •	82	
Infectious Diseases		28	
Food Premises		3,244	
Pest Destruction Act	• •	1,513	
Miscellaneous			
Building Licensing	• •	19	
Caravans and Sites	• •	302	
Drains testing and inspection		472	
•			7,153
Interviews in Office			
Persons making Complaints	• •	132	
Owners		395	
Contractors		321	
Housing Applicants	• •	1,722	
		•	2,570

Number of Notices Served		Informal	Formal
Housing Act, 1936, Section 9	• •	115	Production
Public Health Act, 1936		538	13
Shops Acts	• •	Name of Street, or other Desiration of Street, or other Desira	W-Nation .
Pest Destruction Act	• •	889	
Milk and Dairies Regulations	• •	325	
Food and Drugs Act, 1938	• •	256	
		Communication (see)	_
		2,123	13
		-	

Statutory Action

The authority of the Council was granted in respect of thirty-four properties to permit the service of Statutory Notices under Section 93 of the Public Health Act, 1936. It was found necessary to serve notices upon owners of thirteen properties. Repairs had been completed to seventeen of the dwellings at the end of 1953, including work outstanding on four notices served during late 1952.

On no occasion was it necessary to take further proceedings against owners in the local Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

No action was taken under the provisions of Section 9 of the Housing Act, 1936.

TEMPORARY DWELLINGS

During the year it was necessary to make some 302 visits to caravans and sites for caravans located in the Urban Area. The visits covered some seventy-two caravans and twenty-two sites. This, I feel, gives some indication of the seriousness of this problem.

The temporary dwellings and sites can be sub-divided into the following types:—

			Units	Sites
(a)	Unauthorised and temporary	• •	21	9
(b)	Amusement Caterers	• •	41	3
	Approved by Town Planning	• •	9	9
(d)	Proposal for Licence	• •	1	1

Group (a) are the most difficult to locate and deal with. The owners of this type of moveable dwelling appear so easily to persuade owners of land to allow them to station their van temporarily, usually based on some immediate domestic problem which often disappears as soon as the van is safely sited.

On two occasions it was necessary to recommend that proceedings be taken against owners of temporary dwellings and sites. The owner of the site pleaded guilty and the owners of the vans (two owners) were each fined £1 each for allowing their vans to be located on a particular site for longer than the statutory period.

(b) The amusement caterers are usually most co-operative in the siting of their vans; however, one is compelled at times to request resiting of certain amenities used by the occupants. The provision of additional water supply points on amusement grounds would be an advantage and would also be appreciated by the users of this type of dwelling.

SUPERVISION OF DRAINAGE WORK

In compliance with the requirements of the Public Health Act, the following drainage works were examined and tested during the year:—

Work Inspection No.	4" Drain (in feet)	6" Drain (in feet)	Additional W.C's.	Gullies	Sinks	Inspection Chambers
1	24		1	1	2	1
2	10	_	1	_	_	1
2 3	120	_	1	1	1	3 *
4 5	30	_	1	2	_	_
5	14		_	_	_	_
6	34	_	_	1	_	_
7	15	_	_	1	_	_
8	10	_	1	1	1	1
9	4	8	_	_	_	1
10	10	_	1	1	1	1
11	22	-	state	1	1	1
12	14	_	_	1	1	1
13	14	_	_	_	-	
14	24	_	1	1	1	1
15	74	_	1	_	_	2
16	36	_	_	_	_	2 1 †
17	5	_	_	_	_	'
18	26	_	_	2	1	1
19	_	30	_	_	_	1
20	-	_	_		_	- ‡
21	16	_	_	-	_	-
22	45	_	1	1	2	2 2
23	6	96	-	-	-	2
	553	134	9	14	11	19

- * Small sewage treatment plant installed.
- † Temporary cesspool installed.
- † 6 ft. obsolete disused drain removed.

In addition to the above drainage works, approximately 400 visits were also made to premises for the purpose of inspecting drains which did not require the laying of new lengths; many of these inspections were made to investigate complaints regarding choked drains or to give advice on the installing of new and improved sanitary fittings.

REFUSE RECEPTACLES

The Municipal Dustbin Scheme continued to operate quite smoothly during the past year.

Further cases have occurred where it has been necessary to provide replacement dustbins at dwellings originally provided with new dustbins in the early days of the scheme some four years ago. However, a much stronger and better galvanised dustbin is now being provided (British Standard Specification), which, given reasonable usage by all concerned, householders and refuse collectors, should have a much longer period of life.

The following table indicates the number of preliminary letters issued under the scheme and the operation of the same. Some owners and occupants do, however, continue to provide dustbins without awaiting an intimation from the Council.

Dustbins provided up to 31st December, 1953.

			Total	By Council	By Owner	By Tenant
January			7	6	1	_
February	• •	• •	11	11		-
March	• •		18	18	-	_
April	• •		13	12	-	1
May	• •		10	10	_	-
June			11	11	_	_
July	• •		8	7	1	_
August	• •		12	11	1	
September	• •		9	9	*****	-
October			32	30	1	1
November			16	15	-	1
December		• •	21	19	1	1
			168	159	5	4
1952	• •		190	151	20	19
1951	• •	• •	153	115	22	16
1950	• •	• •	328	215	84	29
Total for fo	ur yea	rs	839	640	131	68

WATER SUPPLY

The water as delivered at the point of consumption and distributed through the Council's Water Mains from the two piped supplies available in the Urban Area was sampled at frequent intervals and under varying conditions, particularly from areas known to be affected by mining operations.

The following being a summary of the results obtained from the thirty-two samples submitted for examination; along with complete details of the results of analysis of a number of the samples.

The two sample failures under the miscellaneous group were obtained from an industrial process, which did, however, assist to prove faulty operational methods at this concern which, as a direct result of these sample failures, were corrected.

The unsatisfactory piped supply sample was taken from an area badly affected by mining operations and very effectively illustrates the difficulties encountered in this area in distributing a safe water supply.

	Chemical		Bacteri	Total	
	Sat.	Unsat.	Sat.	Unsat.	1 otai
Swadlincote & Ashbys Water South Staffs. Water Board Miscellaneous	3 3 -	-	12 11 -	- 1 2	15 15 2
	6	-	23	3	32

ANALYSIS
CHEMICAL
TO
SUBMITTED
WATER
OF
SAMPLES
OF
RESULTS
SHOWING
TARLE

	6/53	8/53	21/53	23/53	30/53	32/53
Type of Water	Swadlincote and Ashbys	South Staffs.	South Staffs.	Swadlincote and Ashbys	Swadlincote and Ashbys	South Staffs.
pH value	8.2	7.9	7.8	8.65	8.8	7.8
Total Solids (parts per million)	. 270	405	420	275	260	370
Free and Saline Ammonia (parts per million)	0.01	0.27	0.24	0.00	0.005	0.03
Albuminoid Ammonia (parts per million)	0.05	0.01	0.001	0.03	0.013	0.00
Nitrogen as Nitrites (parts per million)	Very faint trace	Present	Present	Trace	Faint trace	Present
7 Nitrogen as Nitrates (parts per million)	5.0	0	0	5.7	3	0.5
Chlorine (as Chlorides) (parts per million)	. 24	98	85	25	26	89
Oxygen (absorbed in 4 hours at 80°F.) (parts per million)	r 0.13	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.10	0
Hardness (parts per million)—						
(a) Temporary	. 85	55	20	9	55	20
(b) Permanent	110	125	125	105	105	115
Metal, iron (parts per million)	0	less than 0.05	less than 0.05 less than 0.05	0	less than 0.05	0.10
Free Chlorine (parts per million)	0	0.04	0.03	0.02	0	0
Results	. Satis.	Satis.	Satis.	Satis.	Satis.	Satis.

RODENT CONTROL

The number of infestations treated during the year only showed a slight reduction—1953, 879; 1952, 1,237—in the total number of treatments undertaken during 1952—despite the considerable reduction in man-power employed following the completion of the survey treatments carried out by the joint co-operation of Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and the Council, during the Spring of 1952. Whilst treatments to destroy mice actually increased—1953, 109; 1952, 65.

The above figures clearly indicate the grave danger which is ever present in this area of the spread of disease from rodents and, I feel, emphasises the need to maintain a constant vigilance and an efficient rodent service to prevent the rapid growth of rodents and thus reduce the risk.

I have repeatedly made reference to a number of danger points. Whilst the introduction of permanent bait points with the use of an antiblood coagulent poison in certain areas, particularly upon Council owned sites, has helped to control the rodent infestations on these sites more efficiently, the constant spread of infestations to other parts of the Urban Area cannot be completely prevented.

The number of verbal complaints received in the Office during the year again increased and I feel reflects the confidence placed in the service by the general public. On no occasion was it necessary during the year to recommend statutory action under the provisions of the Act.

Many of the local business concerns have requested a regular inspection of their premises to enable infestation work to proceed without any delay; this co-operation is very much appreciated.

Complete analysis of the rodent work undertaken during 1953 will be found in the following tables.

SUMMARY OF RODENT ACTIVITIES - 1953

Estimated Kill	Mice	ı	371	1	12	383
Est	Rats	96	1,101	<i>L</i> 9	373	1,637
Bodies	Mice	l	26	1	4	101
No. of Bodies Recovered	Rats	29	310	23	86	460
of Points	Poison	265	2,836	83	928	4,112
No. of Baited Points	Pre-bait Poison	370	3,825	93	1,133	5,421
of nents	Mice	1	26	-	11	109
No. of Treatments	Rats	19	793	9	61	879
7.7	Inspections	19	936	6	74	1.038
		•	•	:	•	:
		•	:	:	•	:
	Type of Premises	Local Authority Property	Dwellinghouses	Agricultural Property	All other Property	Totals

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF RODENT ACTIVITIES, 1953

Estimated No. of Mice Killed	81 32 44 41 50 13 13 13 25	383
Estimated No. of Rats Killed	180 138 192 156 127 102 78 166 159	1,637
Dead Mice Found	45 10 10 14 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	101
Dead Rats Found	356 376 376 14 16 45 40	460
No. of Poison Bait Points	445 380 401 364 309 341 420 408 329	4,112
No. of Pre-bait Points	717 476 472 472 403 503 503 547 500 485	5,421
No. of Premises Inspected and Baited	97 126 77 180 77 65 85 85 85 106	685
No. of Premises Inspected	97 126 77 180 77 65 39 56 66 59 110	1,038
1953	January February March May June June July August September October November December	Totals

DETAILS OF WARFARIN TREATMENTS CARRIED OUT DURING 1953 AT LOCAL AUTHORITY PROPERTIES (REFUSE DISPOSAL SITES)

No. of Inspections	24 24 23 23 24 25 26 26 27	278
Bodies Recovered	44 17 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	336
No. of No Takes	483 269 517 463 311 223 372 332	4,213
No. of New Points	100 30 30 38 38 112 29 73	481
No. of Takes	313 193 576 683 879 759 219 240 240	6,065
No. of Permanent Points	214 302 328 342 328 320 189 236	1
	January February March April June July August September October November December	1

TREATMENT OF SEWERS

The two maintenance treatments of the manholes located on the Council's Sewerage System were again undertaken during 1953—the period of the treatment coinciding with important periods of the lifecycle of rats—in the Spring and Autumn.

The assitance from members of the Surveyor's staff in the carrying out of the treatments is much appreciated and avoids a complete breakdown in surface treatments as formerly applied.

The area is sub-divided into eight sections of about seventy manholes, this facilitates the treatment of a section each alternative day.

I have already made reference to the continued large number of surface treatments necessary to control infestations in the Area. A similar set of circumstances appears to prevail underground in the Council's sewers.

It is most disturbing to note that during the recent treatments the number of takes recorded have increased to over 100 from less than forty takes at the completion of the concentrated effect above and below ground during 1952.

In addition to the above six monthly complete treatments of the manholes, in the course of surface block control treatments, a number of the manholes have been repeatedly included in these treatments.

Details of the 18th and 19th Maintenance Treatments and a summary of all treatments undertaken since the commencement of the Scheme in February, 1944, are given in the following tables.

18th Maintenance Treatment Completed March, 1953.

	No. of Man-	No.	No.	Average Pre-bait Takes				
Sections	holes	baited	baited	C.	<i>P</i> .	Total	N.T.	
1. Woodville 2. Midway 3. Newhall (1) 4. Newhall (2) 5. Stanton 6. Swadlincote (1) 7. Church Gresley and Swadlincote 8. Castle Gresley and part Church Gresley Church Gresley	61 78 77 81 67 79 51	- 1 4 6 15 3 5	61 77 73 75 52 76 46	- 28 - 3 6 -	- 28 - 3 6 -	- 56 - 6 12 -	61 77 45 75 49 70 46	
	563	40	523	37	37	74	486	

19th Maintenance Treatment Completed October, 1953.

	No. of Man- holes	No. not baited	No. baited	Average Pre-bait Takes			
Sections				C.	P.	Total	N.T.
1. Woodville 2. Midway 3. Newhall (1) 4. Newhall (2) 5. Stanton 6. Swadlincote (1) 7. Church Gresley and Swadlincote 8. Castle Gresley and part Church Gresley Church Gresley	61 78 77 81 67 79 51	- 4 - 13 18 - - 6	61 74 77 68 49 79 51	6 5 50 13 - 25 -	12 13 56 18 - 35	18 18 106 31 - 60 -	49 61 21 50 49 44 51
	563	41	522	108	143	251	379

Summary of Maintenance Treatment of Sewers.

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		Total No. of	No.			Pre-bai	t Takes		Down
Treat- ment	Date	Man- holes	not baited	No. baited	C.	P.	Total Takes	N.T.	Pipes, etc.
1st	Feb., 1944	489	119	370	Pre- Poi		125 111 S. T.	245 14	_
2nd	Sept. 1944	489	425	64	3	4	11 18	46	prebait
2-1	Tester 1044	162	26	A A '7	10	7	11 18	1	poison
3rd 4th	July, 1944 Feb., 1945	463 489	26 69	447 420	12 15	17 12	35 64 18 45	373 375	_
5th	Nov., 1945	489	68	420	15	19	38 72	349	
6th	May, 1946	640	_	434	76	44	120	314	178
7th	Apl., 1947	653	207	446	112	118	230	216	177
8th	Dec., 1947	675	344	331	32	53	85	246	183
9th	Aug. and								
	Sept, 1948	740	206	534	83	98	181	353	_
10th	Apl., 1949	740	235	505	79	106	185	320	_
11th	Nov., 1949	772	249	523	122	67	189	344	_
12th	Mar., 1950	811	274	537	81	40	121	416	_
13th	Sept.,1950	811	287	524	136	18	154	370	-
14th	Mar., 1951	814	284	530	78	12	90	440	_
15th	Oct., 1951	814	292	522	116	19	135	387	_
16th	Apl., 1952	570	95	475	52	-	52	422	_
17th	Oct., 1952	570	32	538	38	12	50	488	-
18th	Mar., 1953	563	40	523	37	37	74	486	_
19th	Oct., 1953	563	41	522	108	143	251	379	_

Abbreviations: C-Complete Takes. P-Part Takes. N.T.-No Takes.

DISINFESTATION

Complaints received during the year included a wide variety of insect pests, ranging from Ants (Pharoahs Ants) to Brass Beetles and Bookworms. The actual number of complaints received regarding infestation increased from 1951—47; 1952—70 to 1953—106.

The different types of insects encountered necessitated the use of a number of different methods of eradication; also on occasions involved an amount of research into the habits of the insects. On one occasion the assistance of the Infestation Division of The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries was obtained.

A number of the infestations were treated by the owners of the

infested premises; an officer supervising the operations.

A very important factor particularly in the control of beetle infestations is the free issues of packets of approved types of powdered insecticides.

Ninety-one packets were issued during 1953.

The list indicates the number of treatments actually carried out by the staff during the year and does not include details of other infestations where material and technical advice was given.

Disinfestation undertaken during 1953

Book lice				• •		• •	1
Bugs					• •		4
Fleas		• •					4
Ants	• •						7
Beetles	• •					• •	3
Wasps		• •				• •	1
Bees	• •	• •	• •			• •	1
Woodworm	• •	• •				• •	4
Brass Beetles	• •	• •			• •	• •	2
Flour Beetles	and Fl	our M	oths		• •		1
Lice		• •					1
							29
a narran disinf	acted	Lico					

One person disinfested—Lice.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Terminal disinfections are only undertaken upon formal request from the occupant of infected dwellings. The following disinfections were carried out during the year:—

• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	10
	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	4
• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	2
						16
	• •	• •	••	••	••	•• •• ••

Tins of an approved disinfectant were issued on twenty occasions.

SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES

Food Hygiene

The efforts to disseminate the gospel of "Food Hygiene" continued during the year, as in recent years our efforts have been concentrated in passing on the information in quiet informal talks to the food operative, handler or food shop assistant at their point of work, rather than under the blaze of publicity when one often finds the efforts are being wasted by preaching to the converted and not to those members of the food trade who do not take the trouble or even spare the time to attend such gatherings. I feel that, locally at least, the informal approach is the best and most successful, also one that is appreciated by the management of the food trade.

The condition of the local food premises, also the conduct of the workers therein, I feel warrants a word of praise. I greatly appreciate the co-operation received from management and staff on food matters.

Food Preparation and Disposal

Improvements have again been effected to a number of food premises during the year. On a number of occasions it was interesting to find that the management of certain food premises desired to carry out improvement works far in advance of our requirements. Such actions I feel indicate the desire of the trade to satisfy the public demand for the preparation and sale of food under the best possible hygienic conditions.

Many of the food traders are also aware that future food regulations will be based on a much higher standard than exists at the present time and are quite rightly steadily improving their premises in anticipation of the implementing of the Act and Regulations.

Register of Food Premises

The following table supplies information on the number and type of food premises in the Urban District:—

Type of Premises	Swadlin- cote Ward	Newhall Ward	Gresley Ward	Total
Bakehouses	5	5	2	12
Butchers' Shops Catering Establishments	16 28	15	9 13	31 56
Corn Merchants	3	1	1	5
Wet Fish and Fish Premises	8	3	9 5	20 12
Green Grocers General Food Retailers	82	47	64	193
Total	146	80	103	329

Inspection of Food Premises

Steps are taken to inspect the numerous types of food premises at frequent intervals. The following table gives details of the visits carried out each month during 1953:—

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	fuly	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Bakehouses	3	6	9	6	6	6	18	26	20	5	3	5	113
Dairies	11	5	3	7	2	15	2	8	16	10	16	15	110
Ice Crm. Prem's.	21	40	57	41	72	113	71	98	48	17	18	13	609
Market Stalls	12	41	47	16	17	21	49	33	60	53	57	50	456
Milk Distributors	51	20	16	25	4	55	35	32	37	56	43	22	396
Preserved Food													
Shops	20	18	15	12	16	26	21	52	14	29	12	37	272
Other Retail Food													
Premises	63	66	160	84	146	160	91	78	116	113	93	118	1,288
	181	196	307	191	263	396	287	327	311	283	242	260	3,244

Unsound Food

I have continued the practice of abbreviation of the list of items of food found to be unfit for human consumption for various reasons.

532 lbs. 8 ozs. 23 lbs. 8 ozs. 276 lbs. 60 tins 8 tins 918 tins 129 tins 373 tins 1 bottle 1 pot 158 tins 4 lbs. 22 lbs. 4 ozs. 699 tins 51 lbs. 3 pots 22 lbs. 63 lbs. 46 lbs. 8 ozs. 46 tins 10 packets	Tinned Ham. Bacon Sausages Tinned Meat Soup Tomatoes Tinned Vegetables Fish Sauce Sandwich Spread Milk Skimmed Milk Cheese Tinned Fruit Fresh Fruit Jam Lard and Dripping Cake Flour Baking Powder Strained Baby Food Scott's Oats
10 packets 25 tins 1	Scott's Oats Barley Crystals Plucked Goose
2	Rabbits

The approximate weight of food condemned during recent years is as follows:—

- (a) 1953 30 cwts. 2 qtrs. 1 lbs. 8 ozs.
- (b) 1952 55 cwts. 3 qtrs. 22 lbs.
- (c) 1951 44 cwts. 2 qtrs. 5 lbs. $10\frac{1}{2}$ ozs.
- (d) 1950 18 cwts. 0 qtrs. 8 lbs. $7\frac{1}{2}$ ozs.

Slaughterhouses and Slaughtermen

(a) Slaughtering Arrangements

The practice of issuing licences for the convenience of the general public to have "cottagers' pigs" slaughtered away from their own back doors ceased at the end of 1953. This alteration in the procedure followed during recent years was caused by the announcement of the Ministry towards the end of 1953 of the intention to decontrol meat and bacon supplies during the Summer of 1954. Unfortunately, however, the announcement was not accompanied by a clear declaration of policy as guidance to Local Authorities on this very serious and urgent matter.

However, your Officer was taking all possible steps at the end of 1953, by means of discussions with the local butchers and preparation of schedules of conditions of existing slaughtering facilities, in anticipation of any possible eventuality. Unfortunately, however, at the time of preparing this Report (May, 1954) the position regarding the local meat supply following decontrol is still very uncertain.

(b) Slaughtermen

Thirty-two licences were issued on the 1st January, 1952, for an operative period of three years.

During the past year no new application was received for a slaughterman's licence.

I have previously made reference to the lack of new practising entrants to the butchery trade; with the impending drastic changes in the retailing of meat supplies, the lack of fully trained personnel will prove a grave disadvantage to many butchers.

Meat Inspection and Distribution

In accordance with my recent practice, I set out below details of the existing arrangements for the provision of a meat supply to the Urban Area.

"Under the provision of the Ministry of Food Regional Slaughtering Scheme all home-killed meat is slaughtered at the central slaughterhouses owned by the Burton-on-Trent Co-operative Society Ltd. The animals are slaughtered and inspected under the supervision of the Chief Sanitary Inspector, Burton-on-Trent County Borough, by members of his Staff. The dressed meat is handed over to the Wholesale Meat Salesmen Association who arrange for distribution by a special type of haulage contractor, after the meat has been allocated to individual butchers at the allocation section of the slaughterhouse."

The present arrangements will cease upon decontrol of meat and bacon supplies during the Summer of 1954.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938

The County Analyst, R. W. Sutton, Esq., F.R.I.C., has kindly supplied the following information on behalf of the Derbyshire County Council who are the Food and Drugs Authority for the Urban Area:

"Eighty-nine samples, including thirty milks, were taken under the above Act in the area of the Swadlincote Urban District Council during 1953.

Milks

One sample of Tuberculin Tested Channel Island Milk failed to reach the prescribed standard of four per cent Fat and the vendor was cautioned.

Other Foods

One sample of Pork Sausages contained preservative, although this was not declared at the time of sale. This irregularity was also dealt with by caution notice.

The remaining samples were all classed as satisfactory."

MILK SUPPLIES

The Ministry of Food have recently notified the Council that this Urban Area will shortly be included in a "Specified Area" for the sale of designated milk only. This action will not materially alter the present milk distribution system, due to the efforts of your Officer in pressing over the years for the up-grading of the local milk supply, only a limited number of very small raw milk suppliers are still in existence. The majority of the milk retailers having acted upon advice, have changed over to the sale of a graded milk.

Details of Milk Distributors, 1953

The following table describes the types of local distributors up to 31st December, 1953:—

Local Dairies	• •	9
Producers and Retailers in Urban District	• •	5
Retailers in Urban District	• •	13
Producers outside Urban District who also retail in	Urban	
District	• •	6
Retailers from outside Urban District		6

Changes in Milk Distribution during 1953		
Producer Retailers in Urban District—off Retailers in Urban District (Change of Designation)	• •	1 2
retuies in croun product (change of peoighadon)	• •	**
Register at 31st December, 1953		
Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulations,	1949	
Dealers' Licences (Tuberculin Tested) Milk Supplementary Licences (Tuberculin Tested) Milk	• •	12 8
Supplementary Licences (Accredited) Milk	• • .	1
Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and S Regulations, 1949	terilise	ed)
Dealers' Licences (Pasteurised) Supplementary Licences (Pasteurised)	• •	10 6
Additional Licences issued during 1953		
Dealers' Licences (Tuberculin Tested) Milk	• •	1
Supplementary Licences (Tuberculin Tested) Milk	• •	1
Supplementary Licences (Accredited) Milk Dealers' Licences (Pasteurised) Milk	• •	2
Supplementary Licences (Pasteurised) Milk	• •	_
Removals		
Dealers' Licence (Tuberculin Tested) Milk	• •	1
Dealers' Licence (Pasteurised) Milk	• •	1
Dealers' Licence (Accredited) Milk	• •	1
In addition to the above retailers of graded milk, three	Fubercu	llin

In addition to the above retailers of graded milk, three Tuberculin Tested Producers also retail inside the Urban Area.

Milk Examination

The system of periodical sampling of all grades of milk for bacteriological examination continued during 1953—135 samples being obtained, and 127 were submitted to the Laboratory for examination.

Details of results of individual tests will be found on page 38. The majority of sample failures were unfortunately from graded milk samples—particularly Pasteurised Milk.

Milk (Special Designations) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regulations, 1949

I am informed that the County Sampling Officer obtained from the local pasteurising plant twenty-four samples during the year, eighteen samples satisfied the Methylene Blue Test and twenty-four samples satisfied the Phosphatase Test.

MILK EXAMINATION RESULTS, 1953

	Coli	111-	1.1	11010	1 1	1 1 1 1 1	81	1 1 1	9m }	1.1	12
	F. Neg.	1111	1.1	1111	1 1	1111	1.1	111	1 1 1	1 1	١
	. w	1111	1 1	1111	1 1	1111	81	1.1.1	1 1 1	1.1	2
	B. Coli Tubes 1 2	1111	1.1	11111	1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1.1.1	1 1 1	1.1	1
	$\frac{B}{1}$	1111	1.1	11111	1 1	11111	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	
	S	1111	1.1	11-11	1 1	1111	91	1 1	-11	1 1	00
	T.B. Neg. Pos.	1,111	* 1	1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1-1-1	1 1 1	1.1	-
	T. Neg.	161-	507	4 <u>4</u> 000	101	1111-	-1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1	29
	5	1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1 1 1	1	11111	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1.1	
	\$11 4	1111	1.1		1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	ı
	Winter Under Hours	1111	1.1	1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	
	Wi Inder	1111	1.1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	
	1	1111	1.1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1
	S	1-11	6-1	1-1200		1111=	1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	20
	ND	1111	1	11111	1	1.1.1.1.1	1.1	1-1-1	1 1 1	1 1	-
	31.10	1111	1.1-	-11111	1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	-
	1.5—31.10) Hours	1	1 1	11-111	-	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	3
	er (1 der 1	1111	1 1		1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	
Ì	Summer (Under 1 2 3	1111	1 1 1		1	1111	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	
		1111	1		1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	
	S S	1611	Ω I	<u> </u>		1111	1.1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	21
	Heat Treated M. Blue ND S Uns	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	11111	1	1 1 1 1 1	m I	1114	ן טי	1 1	12
	Heat Tr M. B ND S	1111	1 1 1	11111	1	12121	16	וווח	1 1 0	× 61	57
	He N	1111	1 1 1	11111	1	11111	-77-	110-	→ 1 1	1 1	7
	4	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	11111	1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1		1 1	1 1	'
	Phosphatase Group	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1111	1	1 1 1 1 1	1.1.1		I	1 1	-
	osphata Group 2	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1111	1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1		1 1	' '	
1		1 1 1 1	1 1 1	11111	1	11111	1.1.1		1 1	1 1	1
	8	3s)	1 1 1 QQ		 	30000	200			× 64	75
		Areas	rt.	99999999999999999999999999999999999999	(b)	3 300000000000000000000000000000000000	-	್ರಿಕ್ಟ	, c e:	3 3	
,		iler ther as)	. (Ç	: :		::		:	:	tler	
		Raw Local Producer/Retailer Retailers Producer/Retailer (Other Areas) Retailers (Other Areas)	Tuberculin Tested (Cert.) Producer	Local Dealers Supplementary Licences	sted	::	Pasteurised Milk Local Plant Supplementary Licences	:	:	Local Dealer and Bottler	
		ucer/ etaile	Te	ers arv 1	Tuberculin Tested	rs	Pasteurised Milk Local Plant Supplementary Lic			r and	
		Products (C)	culir er	Deale	culin	Deale	rise Plant nent	Sup	Deale)eale:	- 1
		Raw Local Pro Retailers Producer, Retailers	uber oduc	Local Dealers	iber	Local Dealers Accredited	Pasteurised Local Plant Supplement	School Supply	Local Dealers	cal L	
-		R J R T R	Tr	Lo	38	Lo	Pa Lo Su	Scl	Lo	Lo	
					20						

*-Guinea Pig died.

38

ICE CREAM

Details of Register, 31st December, 1953

Registered	for	Manufacture	only	• •			 2
Registered	for	Sale only		• •	• •	• •	 72

Changes in Register, 1953

	Amend- ments	Additions	Refusals	Removed from List
Number for Manufacture and Sale		weekida		1
Number for Manufacture only		_		and the trans
Number for Sale only	2	6		

Retail Sales Units

The increase in registered retail sales units continued to follow the pattern of the post-war years. Saturation point does not appear to have arrived yet. However, I note the majority of the registered premises, particularly away from the main streets, now have a fairly long "closed season."

A problem which is constantly recurring is the use of the cover of a refrigerator sales unit for display purposes, often of articles not normally associated with the dairy industry. This habit may arise from utilising the top of the refrigerator whilst out of commission during the winter period. Every effort is made to discourage this practice.

Manufacture of Ice Cream

The local manufacturing premises continued to operate satisfactorily under difficulties, particularly arising from damage by mining operations.

The constant changing of personnel, particularly of the part-time members, rendered supervision most difficult. The whole-hearted co-operation of the management in these matters was, however, greatly appreciated.

The manufacture of the various types of the popular line of ice cream—lollies, continued to expand. The introduction of the use of an ice cream mix for the lollies presented difficulties for the management, which were successfully overcome.

More efficient and hygienic methods were introduced for the handling of lollie sticks prior to freezing, and outstanding danger and problem being the manual wrapping after freezing.

Examination of Ice Cream Supplies

A considerable amount of time was taken up during the year in the obtaining of numerous types of samples and specimens for examination during the year, every endeavour being made to submit at least one sample of each manufacturer's ice cream sold by retail in the Urban Area per month. The results from these samples obtained from retail sales units reflects great credit upon the methods of manufacture and storage prior to being offered for sale.

Full details of all results will be found on the following pages.

Arising from press publicity regarding a certain type of danger from the consumption of water ices, steps were taken to submit fourteen samples for chemical analysis, the samples being a fair cross-section of the methods employed in the manufacture of this particular article.

Details of Results of Ice Cream Samples submitted for Examination during 1953

Manu-						isiona iding	l	В. (Coli	F.	Coli
fact- urer	Dealer	Type of Sample	Total	1	2	3	4	No	Yes	No	Yes
Code	Ref.										
Ą	_	Prepacked Brick	2 1	2	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
A	1	Prepacked Brick	1	1	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
A		Loose	3	3		- 1	_	2	-	_	_
B B	-	Prepacked Brick Tub		13	4	1	- ·	2	_	_	
В	_	Choc Bar	4 2	1	1	_					_
B		Part of Block	3	2	1						_
B A C C C D		Plant Test	71	48	9			5	5		4
A	2	Prepacked Brick		70	1			_	_	_	-
Ĉ	2 3	Choc Bar	i	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Č	4	Prepacked Brick		2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
č	5	Prepacked Brick	ĩ	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ď	6	Prepacked Brick		1	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
$\bar{\mathrm{D}}$	7	Prepacked Brick		ī	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
D	7	Choc Bar	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
D	7	Tub	1	1	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
D D	8	Prepacked Brick	1	1	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
D	8	Choc Bar	1	1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
D	9	Prepacked Brick	1	1	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
D	9	Choc Bar	1	1	-	_	_	-	-	_	_
D	10	Tub	1	1	-	_	- 8	_	_	_	-
E	11	Tub	1	1	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_
E	12	Choc Bar	1	1	-	-	_	_	-	_	-
E	12	Cone	2	2	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
E	13	Brick	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
E	13	Choc Bar	1	1	_	-	_	_	_	_	
E	14	Prepacked Brick	1	1	_	_	_	_	_		
E F	14	Choc Bar	1	1	_		_				
F	15 16	Prepacked Brick		1							_
F	17	Prepacked Brick Prepacked Brick		1		_	_	_	_	_	
E I	18	Prepacked Brick		i		_	_	_	_	_	_
F C	5	Cut from Brick		î	_	_	1	_	_	_	_
F	19	Prepacked Brick		î	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
F	20	Prepacked Brick		i	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
F	21	Prepacked Brick	î	ī	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ğ	22	Prepacked Brick		1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ğ	22	Tub	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Ğ	23	Prepacked Brick	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
G	23	Choc Bar	1	1	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
G	24	Prepacked Brick	1	1	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
G	24	Cone	1	1	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
FGGGGGGGGG	25	Prepacked Brick	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
G	25	Choc Bar	1	1	_	-	-	-	_	-	
	29	Prepacked Brick	1	1	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
H	26	Choc Bar	3	3	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
H	27	Prepacked Brick	1	1	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
H	27	Choc Bar	1	1	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
H	28	Prepacked Brick	1	1	_	-			_		_
H	28	Choc Bar	2	2							
			154	119	17	1	1	7	5	-	4

Details of Results of Water Ices and Lollie Kremes submitted for Examination during 1953

					Methylene	Blue Test
Manufacturer	Dealer	Туре		•	Satis.	Unsatis.
Α	-	Plant Test			6	_
A		Lollie Kreme	• •	• •	17	2
Α	_	Water Ices			10	_
Α	1	Lollie Kreme			1	_
' A	1	Water Ice			1	-
G	4	Water Ice			2	_
E	12	Water Ice			1	_
D	30	Water Ice			1	_
G	24	Water Ice			1	_
F	17	Water Ice	• •	• •	1	_
					41	2

Results of Plant Swabs

	B. Coli		F.		
Satisfactory	Neg.	Pos.	Neg.	Pos.	Total
5	5	et.00	_	7	12

Analysis of Lollies

T					L	ead	Asidita sa
Type of Lollie	Ref. No.	Flavo	ur	equipment militari	Nil	Part per Million	Acidity as Citric Acid
Water	C1	Orange .	•	• •		0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.40 0.43 0.42 0.44
Kreme	C2A	Orange .		• •	Nil	0.1	0.29 0.28
Kreme	C2B	Lime Raspberry Choc.	• •	• •	Nil Nil	0.2	0.39 0.35 0.14 0.16
Water	C3	Strawberry Strawberry Strawberry Strawberry		• •	Nil Nil Nil	0.1	0.36 0.32 0.29 0.30

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT

Two premises are registered under the provisions of Section 2 of the Rag Flock and Other Filling Materials Act.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

Licences under the Pet Animals Act were issued for two premises to be used for the purposes defined in the Act during 1953.

The scope of the Pet Act prevented effective action being taken against persons displaying pets on exempted premises.

SHOPS ACT

The adoption of different days as the recognised early closing day creates some confusion in the public mind; most certainly administrative difficulties are also created.

A number of verbal warnings were issued for the sale of prohibited articles after normal closing hours, also arising from the observation of this type of sales on Sunday.

Improvements have been effected to the heating of a number of salesrooms following representation to the management; this action arising after series of observations of temperature readings had proved that the working temperatures in the salesrooms were unsatisfactory.

The following table indicates the result of the annual survey of shops in the Urban Area:—

Summary of Types of Shops in the Urban Area

Swad-			
lin-	Gres-	New-	
cote	ley	Hall	Total
15	12	6	33
8	10	15	33
4	3	2	9
-	1	_	1
	4	1	6
3	5	2	10
1	1	1	3
3	pron		3
1	-	-	1
3	2	1	6
4	7	2	13
1	1	_	2
4	5	3	12
1	_	-	1
6	_	-	6
	lin- cote 15 8 4 - 1 3 1 3 1	lin- Gres- cote ley 15 12 8 10 4 3 - 1 1 4 3 5 1 1 3 - 1 - 3 2 4 7 1 1	lin- Gres- New- cote ley Hall 15 12 6 8 10 15 4 3 2 - 1 - 1 4 1 3 5 2 1 1 1 3 3 2 1 4 7 2 1 1 -

Newsagent and Fancy Goods		3 13 1 2 3 3 - 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 1	- 9 - 2 1 1 6 1 1 - 1 1	- 6 - - - 2 1 1 - - - 2	3 28 1 2 5 4 1 11 4 5 1 1 3 3
Newsagent, Fancy Goods and Ice Tobacco, Sweets and Ice Cream		- 1	1 -	_	1
Tobacco and Ice Cream		1	1	_	2
Hairdresser (Gents)		5	3	3	11
Hairdresser (Ladies)		7	1	1	9
Post and Sub Post Office	• •	3	1	1	5
Chemist		3	1	1	5
Watch Repairs	• •	2	_	_	2
Jewellers	• •	1	-	-	1
Optician and Cameras		1	1	_	2
Electric and Radio	• •	7	1	1	9
Cycles and Radio	• •	3	4	1	8 5
Firegrates	• • •	4	1	_	
Paints and Wallpapers	• •	3 5	2	2	7
Ironmonger and Hardware	• • •		1	1	7
Toys and Fancy Goods	• • •	3	_	_	<i>5</i>
Saddler and Leather	• •	21	8	3	32
Draper and Outfitter Shoes	• •	21	1	<i>-</i>	4
Boot and Shoe Repairs	• • •	2	2	3	7
The services	• •	5	_	_	
Dry Cleaner	• • •	2	1	_	5 3
Multiple Stores and Ice Cream		1	_	_	1
Garages and Sundries		4	1	3	8
Paraffin and Oils			1	-	1
Motor, Pedal Cycles and Spares		2	1	1	4
Seeds and Flowers		2	-	2	4
Firewood		1	1	1	3
Gas Showrooms	• •	1		-	1
		190	108	69	367

FACTORIES ACT, 1937

Register

The following table is a copy of the register of the factories in operation in the Urban Area:—

S	wadlincote	Gresley	Newhall
Collieries	2	2	1
Pipe Works	2	2	2
Brick Works	ĩ	_	ī
Potteries	6	6	_
Tile Manufacturers	_	1	_
Flint Mill	_	î	***
Clay Grinders	_	î	_
Engineers	4	4	1
Iron Foundry and Pattern Makers		_	_
Rubber Manufacturers	1	_	_
Gas Undertaking	1	_	_
Wheelwright	_	_	1
Motor Body Builders	1	1	_
Automobile Repairs	11	<u>, </u>	1
Waste Paper Baling	1	_	_
Tainana	1	2	2
Pre-cast Concrete	1	<i>L</i>	2
	2	_	_
	1	1	1
	1	1	2
	2	I	4
Upholsterers	2	_	_
	1	1	_
Cycle Repairs and Radio		1	_
Printing	2	1	1
Boot Repairs	2	1	1
Tailoring	2	1	_
Watch Repairs	2 2 2		_
Entertainment		1	-
Milk Processing	-	1	1
Food Preparation	3 4 2	1 5	1
Bakeries	4	5	1
Ice Cream Manufacturers	2	_	-
Mineral Water Manufacturers	2	gane	-
	65	37	15

During 1953, 378 inspections were made to premises registered under the Act. Requests were submitted on a number of occasions for works to be carried out; details of action taken and the results therefrom is supplied in the following table.

	No. of		which defe ound To H.M. Insp'ctr	By H.M.	No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
Want of Cleanliness	3	2	_	_	_
Overcrowding (S.2)	_	_	_	_	_
Unreasonable Temperature	_	_	_	_	-
Inadequate Ventilation	_	_	_	_	_
Ineffective drainage of floors					
(S.6)	1	1	-	_	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	6	3	_	_	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	6	4	_	_	
(c) Not separate for sexes	1		_	_	
Other offences against the Act			ł		
(not including offences re-	10				
lating to Outwork)	13	-	_	9	-
Total	30	10	_	9	

HOUSING MANAGEMENT

In view of the recent change in the Council Committees, the report on this aspect of my duties has been omitted from this Report.

The usual tables reviewing the Housing List, etc., have been prepared for the year 1953, and are available for inspection by members of the Council should they so desire.







Arthur Gaunt & Sons (Printers) Ltd., Market Place. He anor. Derbyshire